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康马毛茛, 西藏毛茛科一新种

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摘 要:该文描述了自西藏南部发现的毛茛科毛茛属一新种,康马毛茛 (*Ranunculus kangmaensis*)。此种与特产云南的梅里山毛茛 (*R. meilixuoshanicus* Kadota & Ming) 近缘,但花葶较高,叶较大,3 深裂,花具 8 枚较大,并具较长爪的花瓣而不同。

关键词: 毛茛科; 毛茛属; 新种; 西藏

Ranunculus kangmaensis, a new species of Ranunculaceae from Xizang

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Abstract: A species of the genus *Ranunculus* (Ranunculaceae), *R. kangmaensis*, is described as new from southern Xizang Autonomus Region. This species is related to *R. meilixuoshanicus* Kadota & Ming endemic to Yunnan Province, differing in its taller scapes, larger leaves, larger and 3-partite leaf-blades, and larger flower with 8 larger, conspicuously clawed petals.

Key words: Ranunculaceae; *Ranunculus*; new species; Xizang

康马毛茛 图 1

Ranunculus kangmaensis W. T. Wang, sp. nov. Fig. 1.

(Sect. Ranunculus)

Ob herbas perennes humiles scaposas, flores solitarios terminales, petala flava anguste ovata, petalorum foveolas nectariferas squamis carentes et ad Sect. *Ranunculum* pertinentes species nova haec est affinis *R. meilixuoshanico* Kadota & Ming, a quo seapis altioribus, foliis majoribus, laminis 5-8 mm longis 6-8 mm latis 3-partitis, petiolis 2-6.2 mm longis, flore petalis 8 majoribus 7.2-7.6 mm longis et longius unguiculatis praedito differt. In *R. meilixuoshanico*, scapi minus quam 1 cm alti, folia minora, laminae 2-5 mm longae 3-6 mm latae 3-lobatae, petioli 0.7-2 cm longi, flos petalis 6 minoribus 3-4 mm longis et breviter et obscure unguiculatis praeditus est.

Dwarf perennial scapose herbs, totally glabrous. Rhizome short, with ca. 2 long and

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图 1. **康马毛茛** 萼片; C. 花瓣; (据 holotype) Figure 1.

kangmaensis

B. sepal; C.

A. 开花植株; B. D. 雄蕊; E.心皮。

D. AEAD, **D.** C 及 。

Ranunculus

A. flowering plant; petal; **D**. stamen;

E: carpel (from holotype).

thick fibrous roots. Basal leaves 5-8, long petiolate; blades papery, pentagonal, broadly rhombic or flabellate-obovate, $5-8\times 6-8$ mm, at apex obtuse, at base broadly cuneate or subtruncate, 3-partite, central lobe narrowly ovate or narrowly rhombic-obovate, undivided, 1-2-lobulate or 3-lobed, margin entire, lateral lobes obliquely obovate, unequally 2-lobed, secondary lobes usually entire; petioles 2-6.2 cm long, at base narrowly vaginate. Scapes ca. 2, 4.2-6 cm long. Flower solitary, terminal.: Sepals 5, greenish-white, long navicular-elliptic, $6.5-7\times 2-3.5$ mm, apex slightly acute. Petals 8, yellow, narrowly ovate, including claws $7.2-7.6\times 2.5-3$ mm, apex obtuse; nectary pits small, lacking scales; claws ca. 1.2 mm long. Stamens ca. 25; filaments narrowly lanceolate-linear, $2.5-3\times 0.2-0.3$ mm, longitudinally 1-nerved; anthers oblong, ca. $0.5\times 0.25-0.3$ mm, apex obtuse. Gynoecium broadly ovoid, ca. 2×2.4 mm; carpels ca. 20, ovaries ca. 1 mm long, styles 0.2-0.5 mm long, and stigmas terminal, very small.

西藏(Xizang): 康马县,近嘎拉区政府(Kangma Xian, near Gala District Government), alt. 4350 m, 水塘边,草本植物,花黄色(by a pond, herbs, fls. yellow), 1961-07-06, 西藏考察队(Xizang Exped.)1581(holotype, PE)。

本种为多年生低矮具花葶草本植物,花单朵顶生,花瓣黄色,花瓣蜜槽无鳞片,隶属美丽毛茛组 Sect. *Ranunculus* [Sect. *Auricomus* (Spach) Schur(Tamura, 1995),与也具上述形态特征,并也隶属美丽毛茛组的梅里山毛茛 *R. meilixuoshanicus* Kadota & Ming(1995)在亲缘上相近,与后者的区别在于本种的花葶较高(高 4.2-6 cm),叶较大,叶片长 5-8 mm,宽 6-8 mm,3 深裂,叶柄长 2-2.6 cm,花具 8 枚花瓣,花瓣较大,长 7.2-7.6

mm, 具较长爪。在梅里山毛茛, 花葶高在 1 cm 以下, 叶较小, 叶片长 2-5 mm, 宽 3-6 mm, 3 浅裂, 叶柄长 0.7-2 cm, 花具 6 枚花瓣, 花瓣较小, 长 3-4 mm, 具短而不明显的爪。(Kadota & Ming, 1995)

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